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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/813,279	03/30/2004	Mikko Repka	KOLS.102PA	4536	
Hollingsworth	7590 11/14/2007 & Funk LLC	EXAMINER			
Hollingsworth & Funk, LLC Suite 125 8009 34th Avenue South Minneapolis, MN 55425			ORR, HENRY W		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			.2176		
		•			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			11/14/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) Advisory Action Béfore the Filing of an Appeal Brief 10/813,279 REPKA, MIKKO Examiner Art Unit

		Henry Orr	2176	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE	REPLY FILED 26 October 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
	The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff stice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a)	The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b)	The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire the Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or the statutory period for reply expired to the stat	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejecti	ion.
	TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).		
have I under set for may r	sions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the sthin (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office latereduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) ICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
	The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since
	NDMENTS	hara and a sale a sale as selection of the sale as	20 - 41 4 - 11	
3. 🗌	The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause .
	(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet	••	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
	appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rei	erted claims	
	NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		solod Glaims.	
5. 🖂	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.13 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co : <u>35 U.S.C. 112 2nd Rejection to cla</u>	nims 3,8,9.	
6. 🗌	Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).	llowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendme	int canceling the
7. 🛚	For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provide status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		l be entered and an e	explanation of
	Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-21</u> .			
ΔEFII	Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
	The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
9. 🗀	The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fai	ils to provide a
	The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation UEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attacl	ned.
	The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	it does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:
12. [Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
13. 🛭	Other: See Continuation Sheet.			
			/Dava Haward	
			/Doug Hutton/ Supervisory Patent Exa Technology Center 210	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant's argues Beaton does not teach a floatable control area having a control block for changing the location of the floatable control area in a display area of an electronic device, as claimed in each of the independent claims. In contrast, Beaton's navigation tool (asserted as corresponding to the claimed floatable control area) remains in the center of a device's display as illustrated in Figs. 10A-C of Beaton. The Examiner's reliance on the change in the text underlying the navigation tool ("by changing the underlying area of displayed text location of the navigation tool, the navigation tool location is indirectly changed") is misplaced and fails to correspond to the claimed limitations in that such an assertion ignores the limitations directed to "changing the location of the floatable control area in a display area of the electronic device." The fact that the location of Beaton's navigation tool has changed within a displayed document does not correspond to the claimed changing location in a display area of an electronic device. For example, the assertion at page four that "[t]he location of the navigation tool changes to the right of the display when the right arrow is pressed" is incomplete as Beaton actually teaches that the location of the navigation tool in the displayed text changes to the right of the originally displayed text when the right arrow is pressed. The location changes of the navigation tool relate to the displayed text and not to the display area of the device, as claimed. (see Response page 7 last full paragraph).

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Applicant admits that the location changes of the navigation tool relate to the displayed text. Examiner interprets the displayed text to be the location of the navigation tool ("floatable control area"). Examiner interprets the document of the displayed text to be the display area of the electronic device. Therefore, when the underlying displayed text changes location, the navigation tool may no longer be on that particular underlying area of displayed text. Therefore, the navigation tool location may change in relation to the underlying displayed text and the document ("display area") of the electronic device because the displayed text is apart of the document ("display area of the device").

Applicant argues a skilled artisan would not be motivated to combine the cited teachings as asserted. As pointed out previously the assertion that a skilled artisan would modify Beaton's navigation tool into a progress bar as taught by Andreas to provide the benefit of indicating the status of loading operation of a page in a non-obtrusive way is illogical since Beaton does not discuss any loading of pages such that a progress bar would be necessary. Rather, as Beaton teaches that a user may control the speed of navigation, the document being navigated would already be loaded (column 6, lines 11-24). The relied-upon portion of Beaton at columns 5-6 does not teach using the navigation tool during loading of a page and instead merely teaches that the navigation tool may be used to move a viewing window to the next page of a document. There is no indication that the page must be loaded in response to using the navigation tool in order to move to the page. Instead, the entire document appears to be already loaded so that the user may merely move to the next page instead of having to wait while the page loads to the device display, e.g., a continuous touch provides for scrolling through succeeding pages of the underlying document (Beaton, column 6, lines 6-9). For at least the above reasons, the asserted motivation for modifying Beaton's navigation tool does not exist in Beaton; therefore, it has not been shown that a skilled artisan would have modified Beaton as asserted. (see Response Page 9 1st full paragraph)

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

For the sake of argument, even if the multi-page document appears to be already loaded, the multi-page documents would have at least needed to be loaded at least once in order to view the pages. In other words, even if each page is not loaded in response to clicking on either the previous or next page icon, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to load the multi-page document all at once when the multi-page document is first viewed. For example, Beaton teaches the navigation tool to be capable of having a home function. When the user clicks on the home function for the first time, the loading of the web page must take place at least once in order for the electronic device as taught Beaton to store the web page in the SRAM memory or FLASH memory. Therefore, Beaton does suggest at least one load operation for viewing a web page for the first time using the home function of the navigation control. Examiner submits that the loading of a multi-page document at least once for a small electronic device with limited memory as anticipated by Beaton serves as the necessary time-consuming load operation initiated by the navagation tool which would benefit from the progress bar as taught by Andreas.

Accordingly, Examiner maintains rejection and that the motivation to combine is proper.

Continuation of 13. Other:

Examiner withdraws objection to Drawings based on Applicant's Remarks on Figure 1. (see Response dated 10/26/2007).